

Table X-7: Population 12 and over Reporting A Strong or Somewhat Strong Sense of Community Belonging, by Province and Health Region, 2003,2005 and 2007, Per cent

	2003	2005	2007
Canada	61.6	62.3	62.0
New Brunswick	69.2	71.4	63.5
Saint John (N.B. Region 2)	69.4	73.6	68.8
Fredericton (N.B. Region 3)	68.7	69.0	64.8
Quebec	53.3	53.0	56.1
Montreal*	50.4	51.8	56.5
Montreal Health Region	51.5	53.1	57.0
Laval Health Region	44.2	43.9	53.9
Monteregie Health Region	50.6	52.1	56.4
Ontario	62.3	63.4	63.0
Ottawa			
City of Ottawa Health Unit	58.9	60.6	59.9
Subdury			
Sudbury and District Health Unit	68.6	68.1	67.0
Toronto*	57.8	60.0	58.3
City of Toronto Health Unit	54.1	56.4	57.0
York Regional Health Unit	58.2	58.7	53.9
Halton Regional Health Unit	67.2	68.0	66.7
Peel Regional Health Unit	61.9	65.6	61.4
Guelph			
Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Health Unit	66.2	62.9	66.8
Kitchener			
Waterloo Regional Health Unit	65.7	62.9	68.0
London			
Middlesex-London Health Unit	62.9	65.3	66.1
Oakville			
Halton Regional Health Unit	67.2	68.0	66.7
Saskatchewan	69.9	70.2	67.9
Saskatoon Regional Health Authority	67.8	64.9	67.0
Alberta	62.2	62.8	60.7
Calgary			
Calgary Health Region	59.3	59.4	59.2
Lethbridge (Chinook Regional Health Authority)	72.0	72.0	70.8
Medicine Hat (Palliser Health Region)	70.2	69.4	69.8
Red Deer (David Thompson Regional Health Unit)	66.1	69.2	66.2
British Columbia	64.9	67.1	64.8
Vancouver*	61.6	64.7	61.9
Vancouver Health Service Delivery Area	59.8	62.6	57.3
Fraser East Health Service Delivery Area	65.8	67.0	55.2
Fraser North Health Service Delivery Area	57.5	64.2	69.3
Fraser South Health Service Delivery Area	64.6	66.2	62.0
Richmond Health Service Delivery Area	63.3	63.9	63.6
Victoria			
South Vancouver Island Health Service Delivery Area	65.0	69.3	66.1

Source: Statistics Canada, Cansim Table 105-0502

*CMA averages are population weighted using 2005 total populations of health units.

Note: Estimates from Cansim are slightly lower than those previously reported from "Statistics Canada (2008), Canadian Community Health Survey: Community Belonging and Self-Perceived Health by Margot Shields, Health Reports, Vol. 19, No.2, June". These discrepancies are due to the different treatment of individuals which refused or only partially answered the survey. Cansim estimates treats these individuals as part of the sample (and thus includes them in those not having a strong or somewhat strong sense of belonging) while the study excludes them from the sample.